

Kubernetes : namespace-scoped deployments

Prepare the cluster - Admin side

Installing the Helm Chart Repositories

The first step is to start on a machine with helm v3 installed and configured with your kubernetes cluster and pull down the two charts that you will need.

First, let's add the element-updater repository to helm:

```
helm repo add element-updater https://registry.element.io/helm/element-updater --username  
<ems_image_store_username> --password '<ems_image_store_token>'
```

Replace `ems_image_store_username` and `ems_image_store_token` with the values provided to you by Element.

Secondly, let's add the element-operator repository to helm:

```
helm repo add element-operator https://registry.element.io/helm/element-operator --username  
<ems_image_store_username> --password '<ems_image_store_token>'
```

Replace `ems_image_store_username` and `ems_image_store_token` with the values provided to you by Element.

Now that we have the repositories configured, we can verify this by:

```
helm repo list
```

and should see the following in that output:

NAME	URL
element-operator	https://registry.element.io/helm/element-operator

Deploy the CRDs

Write the following `values.yaml` file :

```
clusterDeployment: true
deployCrds: true
deployCrdRoles: true
deployManager: false
```

To install the CRDS with the helm charts, simply run :

```
helm install element-updater element-updater/element-updater -f values.yaml
helm install element-operator element-operator/element-operator -f values.yaml
```

Now at this point, you should have the following two CRDs available:

```
[user@helm ~]$ kubectl get crds | grep element.io
elementwebs.matrix.element.io          2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
wellknowndelegations.matrix.element.io 2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
elementcalls.matrix.element.io         2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
hydrogens.matrix.element.io            2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
mautrixtelegrams.matrix.element.io     2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
sydents.matrix.element.io              2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
synapseusers.matrix.element.io         2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
bifrosts.matrix.element.io            2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
lowbandwidths.matrix.element.io        2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
synapsemoduleconfigs.matrix.element.io 2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
matrixauthenticationservices.matrix.element.io 2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
ircbridges.matrix.element.io           2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
slidingsyncs.matrix.element.io         2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
securebordergateways.matrix.element.io 2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
hookshots.matrix.element.io            2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
matrixcontentscanners.matrix.element.io 2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
signals.matrix.element.io              2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
sipbridges.matrix.element.io           2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
```

livekits.matrix.element.io	2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
integrators.matrix.element.io	2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
jitsis.matrix.element.io	2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
mautrixwhatsapps.matrix.element.io	2023-11-15T09:03:48Z
synapseadminuis.matrix.element.io	2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
synapses.matrix.element.io	2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
groupsyncs.matrix.element.io	2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
pipes.matrix.element.io	2023-10-11T13:23:14Z
elementdeployments.matrix.element.io	2023-10-11T13:34:25Z
chatterboxes.matrix.element.io	2023-11-21T15:55:59Z

Namespace-scoped role

In the namespace where the ESS deployment will happen, to give a user permissions to deploy ESS, please create the following role and roles bindings :

User role :

```
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
kind: Role
metadata:
  name: ess-additional
rules:
- apiGroups:
  - apiextensions.k8s.io
  resources:
  - customresourcedefinitions
  verbs:
  - list
  - watch
  - get
- apiGroups:
  - project.openshift.io
  resources:
  - projects
  verbs:
  - get
  - list
```

- watch

User roles bindings :

```
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
kind: RoleBinding
metadata:
  name: ess-additional
roleRef:
  apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io
  kind: Role
  name: ess-additional
subjects:
<role subjects which maps to the user or its groups>
```

```
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
kind: RoleBinding
metadata:
  name: ess
roleRef:
  apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io
  kind: ClusterRole
  name: edit
subjects:
<role subjects which maps to the user or its groups>
```

Using the installer in namespace-scoped mode

In the installer UI, on the cluster configuration screen, the user can now use the following values :

- Skip Operator Setup: unchecked
- Skip Updater Setup: unchecked
- Skip Element Crds Setup: checked
- Cluster Deployment: unchecked
- Kube Context Name:

- namespaces:
 - Create Namespaces: unchecked
 - operator:
 - updater: <same as operator, namespace to deploy ess>
 - element deployment: <same as operator, namespace to deploy ess>

See the following screenshot which describes the options. The webhooks CA passphrase value will be present in version 23.11.X and above, and will be randomly-generated on your deployment :

Install

Configure Admin

Deploy the operator & the updater using Cluster Roles

Edited

Kube Context Name *

<your kube context> Edited

Name of a Kubernetes context already setup in your kube config to install into

Skip Element CRDs setup

Edited

Skip Operator Setup

Default

Skip Updater Setup

Default

EMS Image Store

Your ems image store username / password

Username

your username Edited

Token

.....

Namespaces

Create Namespaces

Create the namespaces or use an existing one

Edited

Element Deployment

<your user namespace> Edited

The namespace where to deploy the element applications

Operator

<your user namespace> Edited

The namespace where to deploy the operator controller manager

Updater

<your user namespace> Edited

The namespace where to deploy the updater controller manager

Webhooks

CA Passphrase

kHwRfNm1RKlvh4T0iKyfiHAjPyhID9

The passphrase used by the self-signed CA.

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