

Setting up Element Call

Introduction

Element Call is Element's next generation of video calling, set to replace Jitsi in the future. Element Call is currently an experimental feature so please use it accordingly; it is not expected to replace Jitsi yet.

How to set up Element Call

Required domains

In addition to the core set of domains for any ESS deployment, an Element Call installation on ESS uses the following domains:

- Required:
 - **Element Call Domain:** the domain of the Element Call web client.
 - **Element Call SFU Domain:** the domain of the SFU (Selective Forwarding Unit) for forwarding media streams between call participants.
- Optional:
 - **Coturn Domain:** the domain of a Coturn instance hosted by your ESS installation. Required for airgapped environments.

Ensure you have acquired DNS records for these domains before installing Element Call on your ESS instance.

Required ports

Ensure that any firewalls in front of your ESS instance allow external traffic on the following ports:

- Required:
 - `443/tcp` for accessing the Element Call web client.
 - `30881/tcp` and `30882/udp`, for exposing the self-hosted Livekit SFU.
- Optional:

- `80/http` for acquiring LetsEncrypt certificates for Element Call domains.
- UDP (and possibly TCP) ports you choose for STUN TURN and/or the UDP relay of a self-hosted Coturn.

Basic installation

In the Admin Console, visit the Configure page, select Integrations on the left sidebar, and select `Element Call (Experimental)`.

Element Call `Experimental` Install

VoIP group calls powered by Matrix, implementing MatrixRTC with SFU backend.

On the next page, the `SFU > Networking` section must be configured. Read the descriptions of the available networking modes to decide which is appropriate for your ESS instance.

Next, click the `Advanced` button at the bottom of the page, then to show the `Kubernetes` section, then click the **Show** button in that section.

`Advanced` ^

Kubernetes

You can override Kubernetes configuration for each component of Element Call

Show

In the section that appears, configure the `Ingress` and `Ingresses > SFU` sections with the `Element Call Domain` and `Element Call SFU Domain` (respectively) that you acquired earlier, as well as their `TLS` sections to associate those domain names with an SSL certificate for secure connections.

Other settings on the page may be left at their defaults, or set to your preference.

How to set up Element Call for airgapped environments

Your ESS instance must host Coturn in order for Element Call to function in airgapped environments. To do this, click [Install](#) next to [Coturn](#) from the integrations page.

Coturn

[Install](#)

Coturn provides a STUN and a TURN server. The STUN server can be used by Element Call and Jitsi so that devices are able to detect their access IP. The TURN server can be used by Jitsi to provide WebRTC relaying.

On the Coturn integration page, set the [External IP](#) of your ESS instance that clients should be able to reach it at, the [Coturn Domain](#), and at least [STUN TURN](#).

External IP



External IP

35.157.72.227

Coturn external IP

Kubernetes

Exposed Services

Coturn Domain *

turn

.ess-ecall-poc.ems-support.element.dev X

Fully qualified domain name where STUN/TURN is available at

At least one of the following is required.

STUN TURN



Port

31478



Default

The port on which the service will be accessible

Port Type

Node Port

Default



Kubernetes service port type

Then, within the Element Call integration page, ensure SFU Networking has no STUN Servers defined. This will cause the deployed Coturn to be used by connecting users as the STUN server to discover their public IP address.

Element Call with guest access

By default, Element Call shares the same user access restrictions as the Synapse homeserver. This means that unless Synapse has been configured to allow guest users, calls on Element Call are accessible only to Matrix users registered on the Synapse homeserver. However, enabling guest users in Synapse to allow unregistered access to Element Call opens up the entire homeserver to guest account creation, which may be undesirable.

To solve the needs of allowing guest access to Element Call while blocking guest account creation on the homeserver, it is possible to **grant guess access via federation with an additional dedicated homeserver**, managed by an additional ESS instance. This involves a total of two ESS instances:

- **The main instance:** an existing fully-featured ESS instance where registered accounts are homed & all integrations, including Element Call, are installed. Has Synapse configured with closed or restricted registration.
- **The guest instance:** an additional ESS instance used only to host guest accounts, and to provide its own deployment of Element Call for unregistered/guest access. Has Synapse configured with open registration.

Guest access to Element Call is achieved via a closed federation between the two instances: the main instance federates with the guest instance and any other homeservers it wishes to federate with, and the guest homeserver federates **only** with the main instance. This allows unregistered users to join Element Call on the main instance by creating an account on the guest instance with open registration, while preventing these guest accounts from being used to reach any other homeservers.

How to set up Element Call with guest access

- Install Element Call on your existing ESS instance by following the prior instructions on this page. This will be your **main instance**.
- Prepare another ESS instance, then follow the prior instructions to install Element Call on it. This will be your **guest instance**.
- **Set custom images** for Element Web and Element Call:
 - Log into **each instance** via SSH and follow these steps:
 - Save a file with the following content:
 - on the **main instance**:

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: ConfigMap
metadata:
  name: element-call-main-overrides
  namespace: element-onprem
data:
  images_digests: |
    element_web:
      element_web:
        image_repository_server: docker.io
        image_repository_path: vectorim/element-web
        image_tag: develop
        image_digest:
```

```
sha256:0c5a025a4097a14f95077befad417f4a5af501cc2bc1dbda5ce0b055af0514eb
```

- on the **guest instance**:

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: ConfigMap
metadata:
  name: element-call-guest-overrides
  namespace: element-onprem
data:
  images_digests: |
    element_call:
      element_call:
        image_repository_server: ghcr.io
        image_repository_path: element-hq/element-call
        image_tag: latest-ci
        image_digest:
          sha256:a9fbf8049567c2c11b4ddf8afbf98586a528e799d7f95266c7ae2ed16f250a56
```

- Run `kubectl -n element-onprem apply -f <path-to-saved-file>`
- In the admin console of **each instance**:
 - Set `Cluster > Advanced > Config > Image Digests Config Map` to:
 - `element-call-main-overrides` on the main instance
 - `element-call-guest-overrides` on the guest instance
 - In `Synapse > Advanced > Additional`, add this YAML content:

```
experimental_features:
  msc3266_enabled: true
```

- In the admin console of the **main instance**:

- In `Element Web > Advanced > Additional configuration`, add this JSON content:

```
{
  "features": {
    "feature_new_room_decoration_ui": true,
    "feature_ask_to_join": true
  },
  "element_call": {
    "guest_spas_url": "https://<guest-instance-element-call-domain>"
  }
}
```

- To limit federation to only the guest instance, apply these settings in the `Synapse` section:
 - Set `Profile > Federation Type` to `Limited`
 - Set `Config > Registration` to `Closed`
 - Set `Advanced > Allow List` to include the the guest instance's Synapse Domain

- In the admin console of the **guest instance**:
 - To limit federation to only the main instance, apply these settings in the **Synapse** section:
 - Set **Profile > Federation Type** to **Limited**
 - Set **Config > Registration** to **Closed**
 - Set **Advanced > Allow List** to include the main instance's Synapse Domain
 - In **Integrations > Element Call > Additional configuration**, add this JSON content:

```
{
  "livekit": {
    "livekit_service_url": "https://<main-instance-sfu-domain>"
  }
}
```

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