

# Automating ESS Deployment

## The `.element-enterprise-server` Directory

When you first run the installer binary, it will create a directory in your home folder, `~/.element-enterprise-server`. This is where you'll find everything the installer uses / generates as part of the installation including your configuration, the installer itself and logs.

As you run through the GUI, it will output config files within `~/.element-enterprise-server/config` that will be used when you deploy. This is the best way to get started, before any automation effort, you should run through the installer and get a working config that suits your requirements.

This will generate the config files, which can then be modified as needed, for your automation efforts, then in order to understand how deployments could be automated, you should understand what config is stored where.

## The `cluster.yml` Config File

The Cluster YAML configuration file is populated with information used by all aspects of the installer. To start you'll find `apiVersion:`, `kind:` and `metadata` which are used by the installer itself to identify the version of your configuration file. In cases where you switch to a new version of the installer, it will then upgrade this config in-line with the latest versions requirements.

```
apiVersion: ess.element.io/v1alpha1
kind: InstallerSettings
metadata:
  annotations:
    k8s.element.io/version: 2023-07.09-gui
  name: first-element-cluster
```

The configuration information is then stored in the `spec:` section, for instance you'll see; your Postgres in cluster information; DNS Resolvers; EMS Token; etc. See the example below:

```
spec:
  connectivity:
    dockerhub: {}
  install:
    certManager:
      adminEmail: admin@example.com
```

```
emsImageStore:
  password: examplesubscriptionpassword
  username: examplesubscriptionusername
microk8s:
  dnsResolvers:
    - 8.8.8.8
    - 8.8.4.4
  postgresInCluster:
    hostPath: /data/postgres
    passwordsSeed: examplepasswordsseed
```

## The `deployment.yml` Config File

The Deployment YAML configuration file is populated with the bulk of the configuration for your deployment. As above, you'll find `apiVersion:`, `kind:` and `metadata` which are used by the installer itself to identify the version of your configuration file. In cases where you switch to a new version of the installer, it will then upgrade this config in-line with the latest versions requirements.

```
apiVersion: matrix.element.io/v1alpha1
kind: ElementDeployment
metadata:
  name: first-element-deployment
  namespace: element-onprem
```

The configuration is again found within the `spec:` section of this file, which itself has two main sections:

- `components:` which contains the set configuration for each individual component i.e. Element Web or Synapse
- `global:` which contains configuration required by all components i.e. the root FQDN and Certificate Authority information

### `components:`

First each component has a named section, such as `elementWeb`, `integrator`, `synapseAdmin`, or in this example `synapse`:

```
synapse:
```

Within each component, there are two sections to organise the configuration:

- `config:` which is configuration of the component itself i.e. whether Synapse registration is Open / Closed

```

config:
  acceptInvites: manual
  adminPasswordSecretKey: adminPassword
  externalAppservices:
    configMaps: []
    files: {}
  federation:
    certificateAuthoritiesSecretKeys: []
    clientMinimumTlsVersion: '1.2'
    trustedKeyServers: []
  log:
    rootLevel: Info
  macaroonSecretKey: macaroon
  maxMauUsers: 250
  media:
    maxUploadSize: 100M
    volume:
      size: 50Gi
  postgresql:
    passwordSecretKey: postgresPassword
    port: 5432
    sslMode: require
  registration: closed
  registrationSharedSecretSecretKey: registrationSharedSecret
  security:
    defaultRoomEncryption: not_set
  signingKeySecretKey: signingKey
  telemetry:
    enabled: true
    passwordSecretKey: telemetryPassword
    room: '#element-telemetry'
  urlPreview:
    config:
      acceptLanguage:
        - en
  workers: []

```

- `k8s:` which is configuration of the pod itself in k8s i.e. CPU and Memory resource limits or FQDN

```
k8s:
  common:
    annotations: {}
  haproxy:
    workloads:
      annotations: {}
      resources:
        limits:
          memory: 200Mi
        requests:
          cpu: 1
          memory: 100Mi
      securityContext:
        fsGroup: 10001
        runAsUser: 10001
  ingress:
    annotations: {}
    fqdn: synapse.example.com
    services: {}
    tls:
      certmanager:
        issuer: letsencrypt
        mode: certmanager
  redis:
    workloads:
      annotations: {}
      resources:
        limits:
          memory: 50Mi
        requests:
          cpu: 200m
          memory: 50Mi
      securityContext:
        fsGroup: 10002
        runAsUser: 10002
  synapse:
    common:
      annotations: {}
```

```
    monitoring:
      serviceMonitor:
        deploy: auto
    storage: {}
    workloads:
      annotations: {}
      resources:
        limits:
          memory: 4Gi
        requests:
          cpu: 1
          memory: 2Gi
      securityContext:
        fsGroup: 10991
        runAsUser: 10991
secretName: synapse
```

## global:

The `global:` section works just like `component:` above, split into two sections `config:` and `k8s:`. It will set the default settings for all new components, you can see an example below:

```
global:
  config:
    adminAllowIps:
      - 0.0.0.0/0
      - ::/0
    certificateAuthoritySecretKey: ca.pem
    domainName: example.com
    genericSharedSecretSecretKey: genericSharedSecret
    supportDnsFederationDelegation: false
    verifyTls: true
  k8s:
    common:
      annotations: {}
    ingresses:
      annotations: {}
    services:
      type: ClusterIP
```

```

    tls:
      certmanager:
        issuer: letsencrypt
        mode: certmanager
  monitoring:
    serviceMonitor:
      deploy: auto
  workloads:
    annotations: {}
    hostAliases: []
    replicas: 2
    securityContext:
      forceUidGid: auto
      setSecComp: auto
secretName: global

```

## The `secrets.yml` Config File

The Secrets YAML configuration file is populated, as expected, the secrets used for your configuration. It consists of multiple entries, separated by lines of `---` each following the below format:

```

apiVersion: v1
data:
  genericSharedSecret: Q1BoVmNIaEIzWUR6VVZjZXpkMXhuQnNubHhLVVlM
kind: Secret
metadata:
  name: global
  namespace: element-onprem

```

The main section of interest for automation purposes, is the `data:` section, here you will find a dictionary of secrets, in the above you can see a `genericSharedSecret` and it's value opposite.

## The `legacy` Directory

The `legacy` directory stores configuration for specific components not yet updated to the new format within the `component:` section of the `deployment.yml`. Work is steadily progressing on updating these legacy components to the new format, however in the meantime, you will find a folder for each legacy component here.

Within each components folder, you will see a `.yml` file, which is where the configuration of that component is stored. For instance, if you setup the IRC Bridge, it will create `~/element-enterprise-server/config/legacy/ircbridge` with `bridge.yml` inside. You can use the [Integrations and Add-Ons](#) chapter

of our documentation for guidance on how these files are configured. Using the IRC Bridge example, you would have a `bridge.yml` like so:

```
key_file: passkey.pem
bridged_irc_servers:
- postgres_fqdn: ircbridge-postgres
  postgres_user: ircbridge
  postgres_db: ircbridge
  postgres_password: postgres_password
  admins:
  - "@user:example.com"
  logging_level: debug
  enable_presence: true
  drop_matrix_messages_after_seconds: 0
  bot_username: "ircbridgebot"
  provisioning_room_limit: 50
  rmau_limit: 100
  users_prefix: "irc_"
  alias_prefix: "irc_"
  address: irc.example.com
  parameters:
    name: "Example IRC"
    port: 6697
    ssl: true
    botConfig:
      enabled: true
      nick: "MatrixBot"
      username: "matrixbot"
      password: "some_password"
    dynamicChannels:
      enabled: true
    mappings:
      "#welcome":
        roomIds: ["!MLdeIFVswCgrPkcYkL:example.com"]
  ircClients:
    allowNickChanges: true
```

There is also another important folder in `legacy`. The `certs` directory, here you will need to add any CA.pem file and certificates for the FQDN of any legacy components. As part of any automation, you will need to ensure these files are correct per setup and named correctly, the certificates in this directory should be named using the fully qualified domain name (.key and .crt).

# Automating your deployment

Once you have a set of working configuration, you should make a backup of your `~/element-enterprise-server/config` directory. Through whatever form of automation you choose, automate the modification of your `cluster.yml`, `deployment.yml`, `secrets.yml` and any legacy `*.ymls` to adjust set values as needed.

For instance, perhaps you need 6 identical homeservers each with their own domain name, you would need to edit the `fqdn` of each component and the `domainName` in `deployment.yml`. You'd then have 6 config directories, each differing in domain, ready to be used by an installer binary.

On each of the 6 hosts, create the `~/element-enterprise-server` directory and copy that hosts specific config to `~/element-enterprise-server/config`. Copy the installer binary to the host, ensuring it's executable.

## Running the installer unattended

Once host system is setup, you can use [How do I run the installer without using the GUI?](#) to run the installer unattended. It will pickup the configuration and start the deployment installation without needing to use the GUI to get it started.

## Wiping all user data and start fresh with an existing config

On a standalone deployment you can wipe and start fresh by running:

```
sudo snap remove microk8s --purge && sudo rm -rf /data && sudo reboot
```

then run `./<element-installer>.bin unattended` (this will require passwordless sudo to run noninteractively)

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