

Synapse Section

The Synapse configuration options for your Matrix Homeserver incl. registration & encryption.

Config:



Synapse is the Matrix homeserver that powers ESS, in this section you will be customising settings relating to your homeserver, analogous with settings you'd set in the `homeserver.yml` if configuring Synapse manually.

All settings configured via the UI in this section will be saved to your `deployment.yml`, with the contents of secrets being saved to `secrets.yml`. You will find specific configuration examples in each section.

Config Example

- `deployment.yml`

```
metadata:
annotations:
  ui.element.io/layer: |
    components:
      synapse:
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
```

- `secrets.yml`

```
kind: Secret
metadata:
  name: synapse
  namespace: element-onprem
data:
```

By default, if you do not change any settings on this page, defaults will be added to your configuration file/s (see example below).

Config Example

- `deployment.yml`

metadata:

annotations:

ui.element.io/layer: |

components:

synapse:

config:

_value: defaulted

k8s:

haproxy:

_value: defaulted

redis:

_value: defaulted

synapse:

_value: defaulted

spec:

components:

synapse:

config:

maxMauUsers: 250

media:

volume:

size: 50Gi

urlPreview:

config:

acceptLanguage:

- en

k8s:

haproxy:

workloads:

resources:

limits:

memory: 200Mi

requests:

cpu: 100m

memory: 100Mi

redis:

workloads:

```
resources:
  limits:
    memory: 50Mi
  requests:
    cpu: 50m
    memory: 50Mi
synapse:
  workloads:
    resources:
      limits:
        memory: 4Gi
      requests:
        cpu: 100m
        memory: 100Mi
```

- secrets.yml

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Secret
metadata:
  name: synapse
  namespace: element-onprem
data:
  adminPassword: exampleAdminPassword
  macaroon: exampleMacaroon
  registrationSharedSecret: exampleRegistrationSharedSecret
  signingKey: >-
    exampleBase64EncodedSigningKey
```

Profile

The profile section automatically configures **Synapse Workers** so you don't have to, optimising your deployment to align with the settings you define based on our recommendations.

The options you set here do not have to align with what you configure for your homeserver.

For example, you may wish for your server to be able to handle greater than 500 Monthly Active Users, so you select 2500 users. When you later define the **Max MAU Users** in the Config section below, you can choose any number you wish.

The same applies with Federation, you can optimise your deployment to suit Open Federation but opt to close it in the dedicated Federation section.

Monthly Active Users

Monthly Active Users



How many users actively use your server?

Config Example

```
metadata:
  annotations:
    ui.element.io/profile: |
      components:
        synapse:
          _subvalues:
            mau: 500
            # mau: 2500
            # mau: 10000
```

Here you should select the option that covers how many Monthly Active Users i.e. if you think you'll have ~800 users, you should select 2500 to optimise your setup to handle those users.

Federation Type

Federation Type



Closed: No Federation Limited: Federation within trusted network Open: Federation with all

Config Example

```
metadata:
  annotations:
    ui.element.io/profile: |
```

```
components:
  synapse:
    _subvalues:
      fed: closed
      # fed: limited
      # fed: open
```

It is recommended to align with how you plan to configure Federation to ensure you're Synapse Workers are setup to handle the associated federation.

Config

Accept Invites

Accept Invites

Manual

Edited



Whether to enable auto accept invites. Defaults to manual if not set

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        acceptInvites: manual
        # acceptInvites: auto
        # acceptInvites: auto_dm_only
```

This enables a Synapse module called Auto-Accept Invite which is used to automatically accept invites.

Manual retains the original behaviour, requiring users to accept invites to rooms, including Direct Messages.

Auto will automatically accept all invites to rooms, including Direct Messages.

Auto DM Only will only automatically accept invites to Direct Messages.

Max MAU Users

`max_mau_value`

`limit_usage_by_mau`

Max MAU Users

250



Maximum number of Matrix Active Users

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        maxMauUsers: 250
```

Synapse can be configured to record the number of [Monthly Active Users](#) (also referred to as MAU) on a given homeserver, MAU only tracks local users. This option sets the hard limit of monthly active users above which the server will start blocking users. See [Monthly Active Users](#) from the Synapse documentation, including `max_mau_value` and `limit_usage_by_mau` to learn more.

Registration

`enable_registration`

Registration

Open



Synapse registration

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
```

```
config:
  registration: open
  # registration: custom
  # registration: closed
```

Element Web. Specifically, setting this option is the equivalent to setting both `enable_registration` and `enable_registration_without_verification` to `true`.

You will need to either manually setup users via the Admin Console / Admin API or be using something like Delegated Authentication. **[link to delegated auth page](#)**

found under `Advanced`, you could then use it to enable verification by setting `enable_registration_without_verification` to `false` or other similar settings, i.e. `registrations_require_3pid`. [linked to advanced config page](#)

Open or Closed registration will not affect the creation of new Matrix Accounts via Delegated Authentication. New users via Delegated Authentication i.e. LDAP, SAML or OIDC, who have yet to login to the homeserver and technically do not yet have a created Matrix ID, will still have one created when they successfully authenticate regardless of if registration is Closed.

Admin Password

Secrets

/

Synapse

/

Admin Password ▾

Admin Password

Config Example

- deployment.yml

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
```

```
adminPasswordSecretKey: adminPassword
```

- secrets.yml

```
data:
```

```
adminPassword: ExampleAdminPasswordBase64EncodedString
```

Password for the `@onprem-admin-donotdelete` user, a Synapse Admin user automatically created to allow you to use the Admin Console. You should use this account to promote Matrix accounts you setup to Synapse Admins. When using the Admin Console via the Installer (`:8443`), you should auto-login as this account, no password required.

If you are experiencing issues with accessing the Admin Console following a wipe and reinstall, ensure you do not have the previous install credentials cached. You can clear them via your browsers' settings, then refresh the page (you will be provided with a new link via the Installer CLI) to resolve.

Log

Unlike with most other sections, logging values set here are analogous to creating a `<SERVERNAME>.log.config` instead of the `homeserver.yml`. See the [Logging Sample Config File](#) for further reference.

Root Level

Root Level

Info

Edited

The maximum level of Synapse log output before any overrides

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        log:
          rootLevel: Info
          # rootLevel: Debug
```

```
# rootLevel: Warning
# rootLevel: Error
# rootLevel: Critical
```

As defined under the [Configuration file format](#) section of the Python docs, the available options presented by the Installer are `DEBUG`, `INFO`, `WARNING`, `ERROR` and `CRITICAL`. These represent different severity levels for log messages and help control the verbosity of log output which help to filter messages based on their importance.

- `DEBUG`: Detailed information, typically used for debugging purposes. Messages at this level provide the most fine-grained and detailed logging.
- `INFO`: General information about the program's operation. This level is used to confirm that things are working as expected.
- `WARNING`: Indicates a potential issue or something that might cause problems in the future. It doesn't necessarily mean an error has occurred, but it's a warning about a possible concern.
- `ERROR`: Indicates a more serious issue or error in the program. When an error occurs, it might impact the functionality of the application.
- `CRITICAL`: Indicates a very severe error that may lead to the program's termination. Critical messages suggest a problem that should be addressed immediately.

When troubleshooting, increasing the log level and redeploying can help narrow down where you're experiencing issues. By default, `DEBUG` is a good option to include everything allowing you to identify a problem.

It is not advised to leave your Logging Level at anything other than the default, as more verbose logging may expose information that should otherwise not be accessible. When sharing logs, remember to redact any sensitive information you do not wish to share.

Sentry DSN

Sentry DSN

Optional Sentry DSN

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        log:
          sentryDsn: https://publickey:secretkey@sentry.io/projectid
```

Here you can specify a Sentry Data Source Name (DSN) to connect Synapse logging to a specific project within your Sentry account. A typical Sentry DSN looks like:

https://<public_key>:<secret_key>@sentry.io/<project_id>

Level Overrides

Level Overrides

Logging level overrides for specific Synapse loggers

Synapse Storage SQL

Debug

Edited ▼

The maximum level of Synapse log output for this specific logger

Name to Create

Add to Level Overrides

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        log:
          levelOverrides:
            synapse.storage.SQL: Info
            # synapse.storage.SQL: Debug
            # synapse.storage.SQL: Error
            # synapse.storage.SQL: Warning
            # synapse.storage.SQL: Critical
```

Here you can configure custom logging levels for specific Synapse loggers, i.e. `synapse.storage.SQL`. Simply add the Synapse logger and click `Add to Level Overrides`. You will then be able to select the desired logging level for that logger:

Level Overrides

Logging level overrides for specific Synapse loggers

Synapse Storage SQL

Edited



Critical

Error

Warning

Info

Debug

Level
es

You can read up more on Structured Logging from the [Structured Logging](#) Synapse doc for more detailed guidance.

Security

Default Room Encryption

`encryption_enabled_by_default_for_room_type`

Default Room Encryption

Auto All



The presence of any external AppServices or the configuration of any bridges that don't support encryption will be used by the auto settings to determine whether to set default room encryption on or off.

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        security:
          defaultRoomEncryption: auto_all
          # defaultRoomEncryption: auto_invite
          # defaultRoomEncryption: forced_all
          # defaultRoomEncryption: forced_invite
          # defaultRoomEncryption: not_set
```

Controls whether locally-created rooms should be end-to-end encrypted by default.

This option will only affect rooms created after it is set and will not affect rooms created by other servers.

- `auto_all`
 - Automatically enables encryption for all rooms created on the local server if all present integrations support it.
- `auto_invite`
 - Automatically enables encryption for private rooms and private messages if all present integrations support it.
- `forced_all`
 - Enforces encryption for all rooms created on the local server, regardless of the integrations supporting encryption.
- `forced_invite`
 - Enforces encryption for private rooms and private messages, regardless of the integrations supporting encryption.
- `not_set`
 - Does not enforce encryption, leaving room encryption configuration choice to room admins.

Password Policy

`password_config`

Password Policy



Minimum Length

15

Default

☒ Require Digit

Default

☒ Require Lowercase

Default

☒ Require Symbol

Default

☒ Require Uppercase

Default

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        security:
          # Not present when disabled
          # passwordPolicy: # {} When enabled with default settings
        passwordPolicy: # Only configured like so when values changed from thier defaults
          minLength: 20 # Default: 15
          requireDigit: false # Default: true
          requireLowercase: false # Default: true
```

```
requireSymbol: false # Default: true
requireUppercase: false # Default: true
```

Turning on Password Policy will allow you to define and enforce a password policy for users' accounts on your homeserver.

You may notice that despite this not being enabled, users are required when registering to set secure passwords when doing so via the Element Web client. This is because the client itself enforces secure passwords, this setting is required should you wish to ensure all accounts have enforces password requirements, as other Matrix clients may not themselves enforce secure passwords.

Telemetry

Telemetry

☒ Enabled

Whether Telemetry is enabled or not

Room

#element-telemetry

The telemetry room where to send telemetry

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        telemetry:
          enabled: true
          passwordSecretKey: telemetryPassword
          room: '#element-telemetry'
```

Element collects telemetry data to understand whether or not customers are in compliance with what they've purchased, so should be left enabled unless automatic sending of telemetry is not possible (i.e. Airgapped setups). By default, ESS servers connected to the internet will automatically send telemetry to Element. Please allow this to happen by making sure you have not blocked `ems.element.io` on port `443` from your homeserver.

What Telemetry Data is Collected by Element?

The following is a sample telemetry packet generated by Element On-Premise:

Config Example

```
{
  "_id" : ObjectId("6363bdd7d51c84d1f10a8126"),
  "onPremiseSubscription" : ObjectId("62f14dd303c67b542efddc4f"),
  "payload" : {
    "data" : {
      "activeUsers" : {
        "count" : 1,
        "identifiers" : {
          "native" : [
            "5d3510fc361b95a5d67a464a188dc3686f5eaf14f0e72733591ef6b8da478a18"
          ]
        },
      },
      "period" : {
        "end" : 1667481013777,
        "start" : 1666970260518
      }
    },
    "generationTime" : 1667481013777,
    "hostname" : "element.demo",
    "instanceId" : "bd3bbf92-ac8c-472e-abb5-74b659a04eec",
    "type" : "synapse",
    "version" : 1
  },
  "request" : {
    "clientIp" : "71.70.145.71",
    "userAgent" : "Synapse/1.65.0"
  },
}
```

```
"schemaVersion" : 1,  
"creationTimestamp" : ISODate("2022-11-03T13:10:47.476Z")  
}
```

Submitting Telemetry Data to Element

If you are unable to allow Element's telemetry upload to take place, either because you are airgapped or need to block `ems.element.io` then you will need to manually submit telemetry data to Element.

In order to gather telemetry data, you will need to use the `element-telemetry-export.py` script, which comes with the installer.

To do this, run:

```
cd ~/.element-enterprise-server/installer/lib  
/usr/bin/env python3 ./element-telemetry-export.py
```

You will be prompted for an access token:

Matrix user access token not specified in the "MATRIX_USER_ACCESS_TOKEN" environment variable. Please provide the access token and hit enter:


You will need to provide a valid access token for a user who has access to the telemetry room. This can be found by logging in to Element Web as this user, going to "All Settings", then clicking "Help & About" and finally expanding the section for "Access Token".

Settings



- General
- Appearance
- Notifications
- Preferences
- Keyboard
- Sidebar
- Voice & Video
- Security & Privacy
- Labs
- Help & About**

Versions

Element version: 1.11.26 
Olm version: 3.2.12

Check for update

Credits

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Advanced

Homeserver is <https://hs.element.demo>
[object Object]

▼ Access Token

Your access token gives full access to your account. Do not share it with anyone.

syt_a2FiYm90dA_DwleMviZbXrYWLbeuJwp_41pSGP 

Clear cache and reload

Provide the access token to the prompt and hit enter.

```
2023-04-18 15:36:41,580:INFO:Parsing configuration file (/home/karl1/.element-enterprise-
server/config/telemetry-config.json)
2023-04-18 15:36:41,581:INFO:Performing Matrix sync with homeserver (https://hs.element.demo)
2023-04-18 15:36:41,643:INFO:Scanning page 1
2023-04-18 15:36:41,716:INFO:Scanning page 2
2023-04-18 15:36:41,782:INFO:Writing 19 telemetry events to ZIP file (/home/karl1/.element-enterprise-
server/installer/lib/telemetry_2023-04-18.zip)
2023-04-18 15:36:41,783:INFO:Saving some internal state (for next time)
```

Once you have done this, you will have some messages that look similar to the above and you will have a new zip file in this directory with a date stamp in the format `telemetry_YYYY-MM-DD.zip`. In my case, I have `telemetry_2023-04-18.zip`.

If you are having SSL connectivity issues with the exporter, you may wish to either disable TLS verification or provide a CA certificate to the exporter with these optional command line parameters:

`--disable-tls-verification`

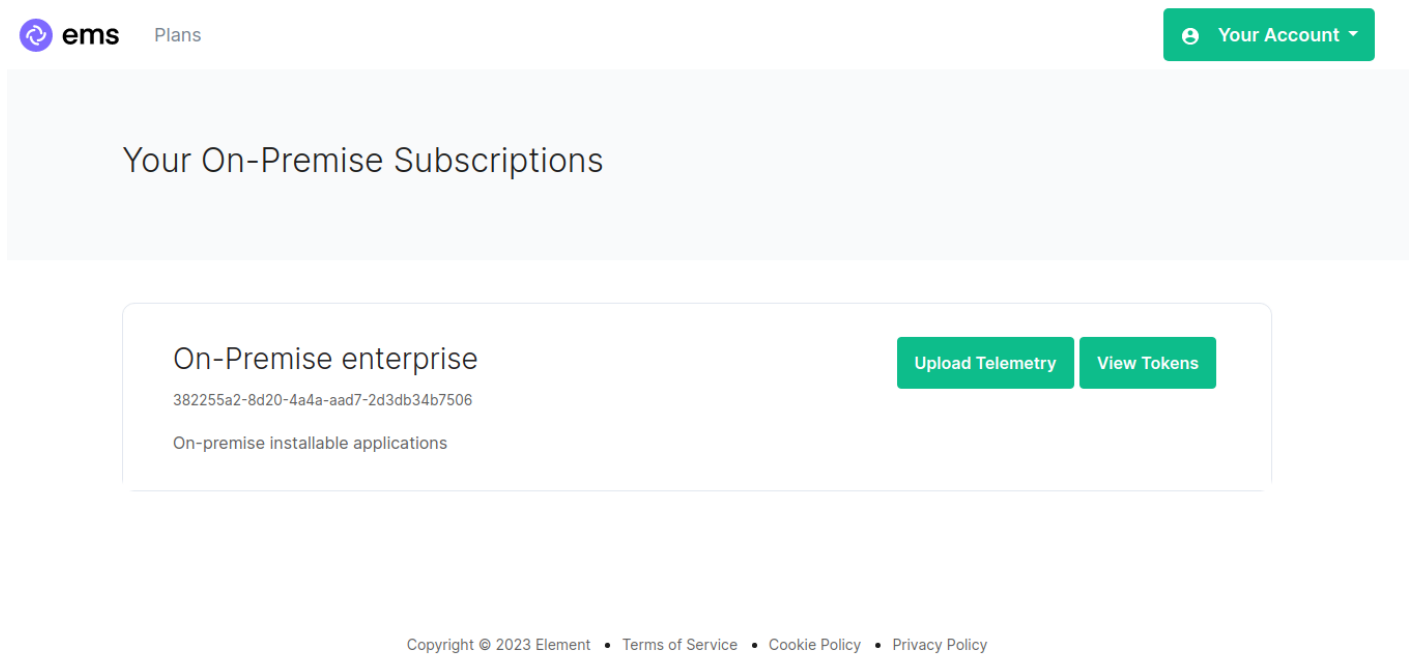
Do not check SSL certificate validity when querying the Matrix server

`--ca-cert-path CA_CERT_PATH`

Specify the path to the CA file (or a directory) to use when verifying Matrix server's

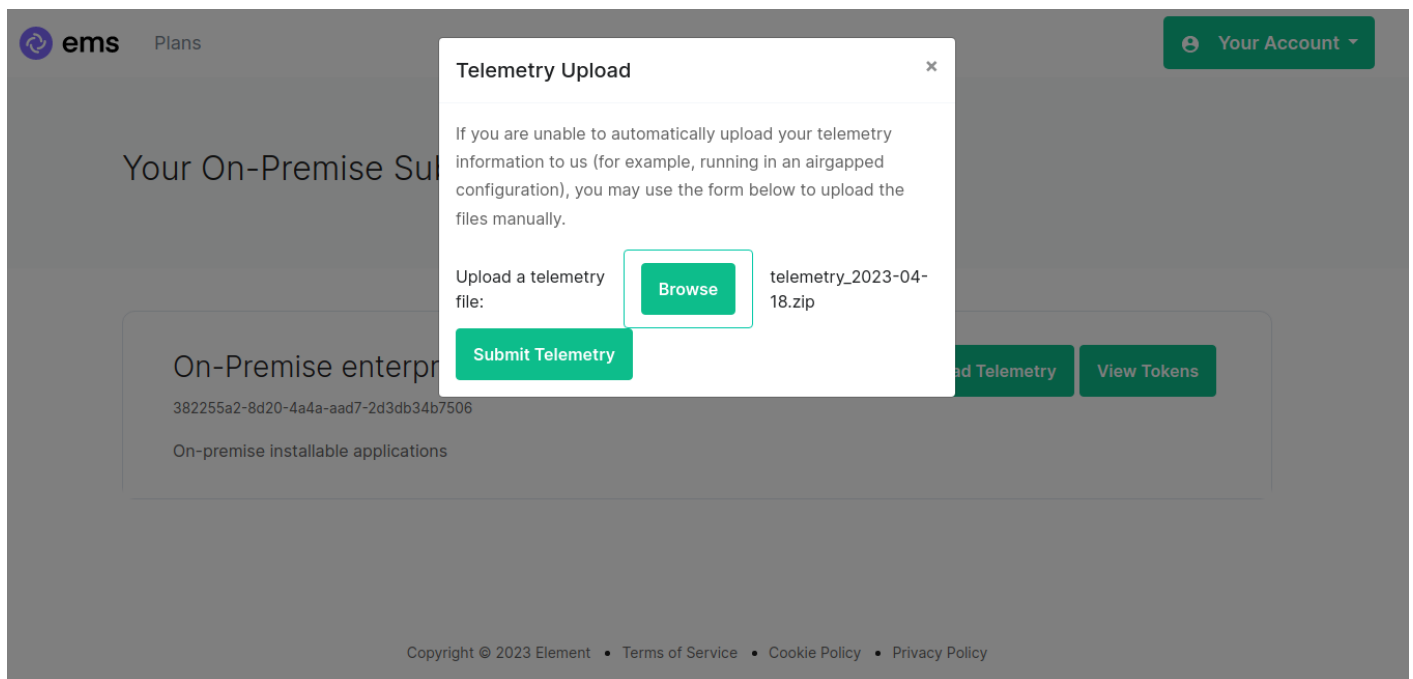
SSL certificate. Consult README.md for more details

Then browse to <https://ems.element.io/on-premise/subscriptions> and click "Upload Telemetry" next to the subscription you are uploading the data for:



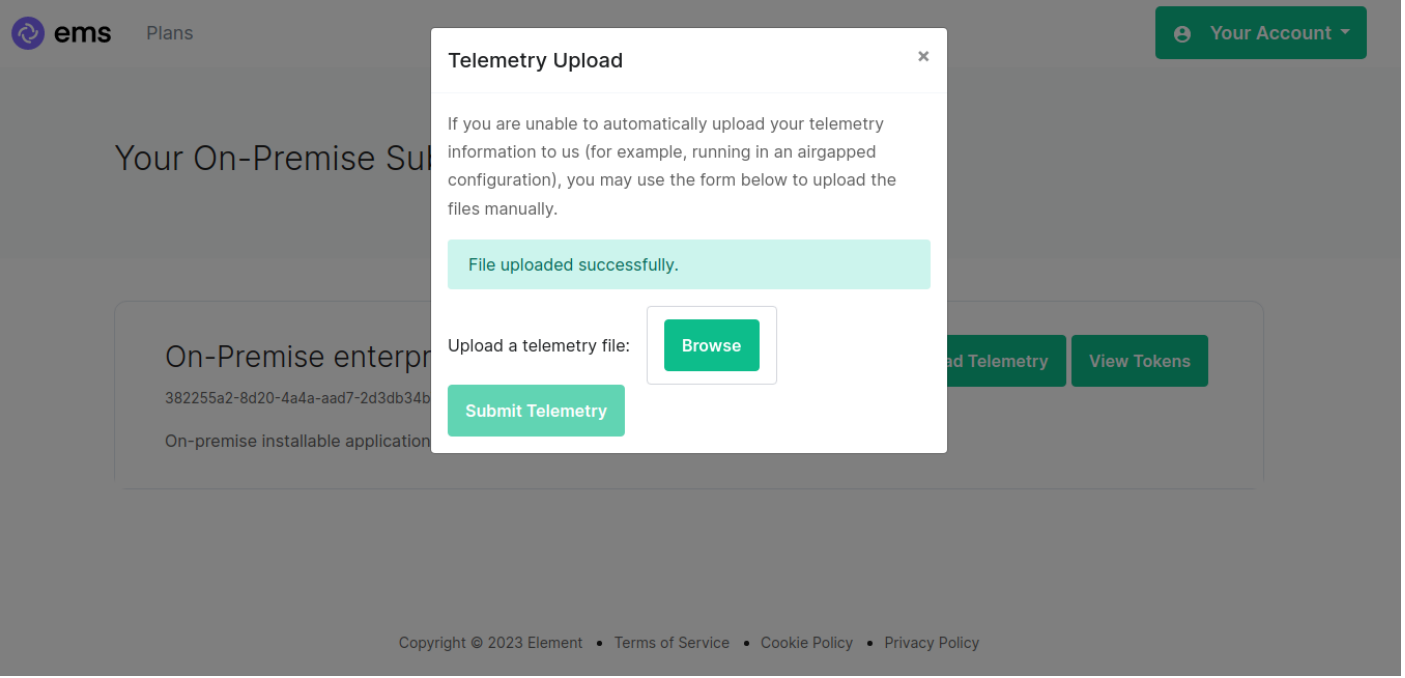
The screenshot shows the 'Your On-Premise Subscriptions' page. At the top left is the 'ems' logo and 'Plans' text. At the top right is a 'Your Account' button with a dropdown arrow. The main heading is 'Your On-Premise Subscriptions'. Below it is a card for 'On-Premise enterprise' with the ID '382255a2-8d20-4a4a-aad7-2d3db34b7506' and the description 'On-premise installable applications'. To the right of the card are two buttons: 'Upload Telemetry' and 'View Tokens'. At the bottom of the page is a footer with 'Copyright © 2023 Element' and links to 'Terms of Service', 'Cookie Policy', and 'Privacy Policy'.

Click browse, find the telemetry file then click "Submit Telemetry":



The screenshot shows the same 'Your On-Premise Subscriptions' page, but with a 'Telemetry Upload' modal open. The modal has a title bar with a close button. The main text says: 'If you are unable to automatically upload your telemetry information to us (for example, running in an airgapped configuration), you may use the form below to upload the files manually.' Below this is a section 'Upload a telemetry file:' with a 'Browse' button. To the right of the 'Browse' button is the text 'telemetry_2023-04-18.zip'. At the bottom of the modal is a 'Submit Telemetry' button. The background page is dimmed, showing the same subscription card and footer as the previous screenshot.

Once successful, you will see this screen:



You can then close the upload window.

Matrix Network Stats

Matrix Network Stats

Endpoint

Endpoint

https://test.endpoint.url

Edited

The matrix network statistics endpoint. Use https://matrix.org/report-usage-stats/push to push to the public matrix network statistics.

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
```

```
telemetry:
  matrixNetworkStats:
    endpoint: https://test.endpoint.url
```

Enable Matrix Network Stats if you'd like to report your homeserver usage statistics to a statistics collection server. Per the tooltip, you can enter `https://matrix.org/report-usage-stats/push` to contribute to the public Matrix network statistics collection or enter your own endpoint.

See [Reporting Homeserver Usage Statistics](#) for more information on the statistics available and [Using a Custom Statistics Collection Server](#) to see how-to setup your own statistics endpoint.

URL Preview

`url_preview_enabled`



Enable URL Previews



Disable URL Previews

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        urlPreview: {} # {} When disabled, otherwise enabled with config as detailed in sections below.
```

URL previews involve fetching information from a URL (e.g., a website link) and displaying a preview of the content, such as a title, description, and an image. This feature can be useful for enhancing the user experience by providing more context about shared URLs in chat messages.

Enabling or disabling URL previews can impact the amount of information displayed in the chat interface, and it can also have privacy implications as fetching URL previews involves making requests to external servers to retrieve metadata.

Default Blacklist

When enabling URL Preview, a default blacklist using `url_preview_ip_range_blacklist` is configured for all private networks (see ranged below) to avoid leaking information by asking for preview of links pointing to private paths

of the infrastructure. While this blacklist cannot be changed, you can whitelist specific ranges using IP Range Allowed.

Config Example

```
url_preview_ip_range_blacklist:
```

- '192.168.0.0/16'
- '100.64.0.0/10'
- '192.0.0.0/24'
- '169.254.0.0/16'
- '192.88.99.0/24'
- '198.18.0.0/15'
- '192.0.2.0/24'
- '198.51.100.0/24'
- '203.0.113.0/24'
- '224.0.0.0/4'
- '::1/128'
- 'fe80::/10'
- 'fc00::/7'
- '2001:db8::/32'
- 'ff00::/8'
- 'fec0::/10'

Config

Accept Language

```
url_preview_accept_language
```

Accept Language

=

Localization country subcode (en, fr, ...) *
en

Add more Accept Language

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        urlPreview:
          config:
            acceptLanguage:
              - en
```

By setting this configuration option, you can control the language preference that Matrix Synapse communicates to external servers when fetching URL previews. This can be useful if you want to influence the language of the content retrieved for URL previews based on the preferred language of your users.

To do so, specify the Localisation country sub-code (e.g., `en`) that should be used as the Accept-Language header value that the server should send when fetching URL previews from external websites. The Accept-Language header is an HTTP header used by web browsers and other clients to indicate the preferred language(s) for the response.

Each value is a IETF language tag; a 2-3 letter identifier for a language, optionally followed by sub-tags separated by '-', specifying a country or region variant. Multiple values can be provided by clicking `Add more Accept Language`, and a weight can be added to each by using quality value syntax (;q=). '*' translates to any language.

IP Range Allowed

`url_preview_ip_range_whitelist`

IP Range Allowed



An IPv4 or IPV6 range *

10.0.0.0/24

Edited



Add more IP Range Allowed

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        urlPreview:
          config:
            ipRangeAllowed:
              - 10.0.0.0/24
```

This option allows you to provide a list of IP address CIDR ranges that URL Preview is allowed to access even if they are specified in the [Default Blacklist](#).

User Directory

user_directory

☒ Search All Users

Whether the user directory should show all users visible to this deployment, i.e. all users on this homeserver and all users on remote homeservers who share a room with a user on this homeserver. If unset each user has their own view of the user directory which only includes users who share a room with them.

Default

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        userDirectory: # Not present when left as default, `true`
          # searchAllUsers: true
        searchAllUsers: false
```

This option defines whether to search all users visible to your homeserver at the time the search is performed. If set to `true`, Synapse will return all users on the homeserver who match the search. If `false`, search results will only contain users visible in public rooms and users sharing a room with the requester.

Delegated Auth

Delegated Auth



See the dedicated page on Delegated Authentication, [Synapse Section: Delegated Auth](#)

TURN

TURN



☒ External TURN Servers ☐ Internal Coturn Server

Secrets

/ Synapse

/ STUN Shared Secret ▾

TURN Shared Secret *

.....



TURN URIs

The TURN server(s) that Synapse can provide credentials for



A TURN server URI. Should contain a schema (`turn:` or `t...



Add more TURN URIs

Config Example

- deployment.yml

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        # Not present if disabled
        # stun: {} # If `Internal Coturn Server` selected
      stun:
        sharedSecretSecretKey: stunSharedSecret
      turnUris:
        - turn:turn.example.com
        - turns:turns.example.com
```

- secrets.yml

```
data:
  stunSharedSecret: ExampleSTUNSharedSecretBase64EncodedString
```

Any provided TURN server URI should contain a schema (`turn:` or `turns:`), a hostname, optionally a port and optionally a transport parameter (`?transport=udp` or `?transport=tcp`).

Identity Server

`default_identity_server`

Identity Server



☐ Auto Bind

True to auto-bind users to the Sydent in this deployment

Default

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        []# Not present if disabled
        []# identityServer: {} # If enabled but `autoBind` not selected
        identityServer:
          autoBind: true
```

HTTP Proxy

`http_proxy` , `https_proxy` , `no_proxy`

HTTP Proxy



HTTP Proxy *

Proxy server to use for HTTP requests

HTTPS Proxy *

Proxy server to use for HTTPS requests

No Proxy

List of hostnames, IP addresses or IP ranges (CIDR format) which should not use the HTTP/HTTPS proxy

Add No Proxy

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        httpProxy:
          httpProxy: http_proxy.example.com
          httpsProxy: https_proxy.example.com
```

You can use Synapse with a forward or outbound proxy. An example of when this is necessary is in corporate environments behind a DMZ (demilitarized zone). Synapse supports routing outbound HTTP(S) requests via a proxy - Note: Only HTTP(S) proxy is supported, SOCKS / alternatives are not supported.

- **HTTP Proxy.**
 - Proxy server to use for HTTP requests.
- **HTTPS Proxy.**
 - Proxy server to use for HTTPS requests.

No Proxy

No Proxy

List of hostnames, IP addresses or IP ranges (CIDR format) which should not use the HTTP/HTTPS proxy

Add No Proxy

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        httpProxy:
          noProxy:
            - no_proxy.example.com # Hostname example
            - 192.168.0.123 # IP example
            - 192.168.1.1/24 # IP range example
```

Here you can specify a list of hostnames, IP addresses or IP ranges (CIDR format) which should not use the HTTP/HTTPS proxy

Data Retention

retention

Data Retention



Message lifetime in days



Message lifetime in days

1

Edited

Delete messages set days after they were created.

Media lifetime in days



Media lifetime in days

1

Edited

Delete media set days after it was last accessed.

Delete Rooms after Inactivity



Delete Rooms after Inactivity

1w

Edited

How long rooms should be kept on the server. Rooms which have not seen any activity since this time will be automatically deleted. Supports suffixes (s, m, h, d, w, y).

If this feature is enabled, Synapse will regularly look for and purge events which are older than the below specified lifetimes.

Message Lifetime in Days

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        dataRetention:
          messageLifetime: 1
```

Used to specify the number of days after a message is created that it should be deleted.

Media Lifetime in Days

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        dataRetention:
          mediaLifetime: 1
```

Used to specify the number of days after media is uploaded that it should be deleted.

Delete Rooms After Inactivity

Config Example

```
spec:
  components:
    synapse:
      config:
        dataRetention:
          deleteRoomsAfterInactivity: 1w
```

Used to specify how long rooms, which have not seen any activity, should be kept on the server. Rooms inactive after the specified time will be automatically deleted. Supports suffixes:

- `s` : Seconds
- `m` : Minutes
- `h` : Hours
- `d` : Days
- `w` : Weeks
- `y` : Years

Advanced

Config

Macaroon

`macaroon_secret_key`

Secrets / Synapse / Macaroon ▾

Macaroon

Config Example

- `secrets.yml`

```
data:
  macaroon: ExampleMacaroonBase64EncodedString
```

A secret which is used to sign the:

- Access token for guest users
- Short-term login token used during SSO logins (OIDC or SAML2)
- Token used for unsubscribing from email notifications.

Registration Shared Secret

`registration_shared_secret`

Secrets / Synapse / Registration Shared Secret ▾

Registration shared secret

Config Example

- secrets.yml

```
data:
  registrationSharedSecret: ExampleRegistrationSharedSecretBase64EncodedString
```

Allows registration of standard or admin accounts by anyone who has the shared secret, even if `enable_registration` is not Open, see [Registration](#).

Signing Key

`signing-keys`

Secrets / Synapse / Signing Key ▾

i

This is your public key:
ed25519 GdgEUU
J+uWxVj76Wu8ROZZg03hxOreRuR7OoGFTgLrt22qoR4

Signing key

Config Example

- secrets.yml

```
data:
  signingKey: >-
```

ExampleSigningKeyBase64EncodedString

See the dedicated page on Synapse Federation configuration, [Synapse Section: Federation](#) for more details on how the Signing Key is used.

Additional

See the dedicated page on additional Synapse configuration, [Synapse Section: Additional Config](#)

External Appservices

External Appservices

Files

Map of appservice registration files to inject

Name to Create

Add to
Files

Config Maps

Array of ConfigMaps containing a registration.yaml to mount in synapse

Add Config Maps

Federation

See the dedicated page on Synapse Federation configuration, [Synapse Section: Federation](#)

Synapse configuration options not available within the UI

We strongly advise against including any config not configurable via the UI as it will most likely interfere with settings automatically computed by the updater. Additional configuration options are not supported so we encourage you to first raise your requirements to Support where we can best advise on them.

An `Additional Config` section, which allows including config not currently configurable via the UI from the [Configuration Manual](#), is available under the 'Advanced' section of this page. See the dedicated page on additional Synapse configuration, [Synapse Section: Additional Config](#)

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